



ZytoDot ® SPEC MYC Probe Previously: ZytoDot SPEC CMYC Probe

Background

The ZytoDot ® SPEC MYC Probe is designed for the detection of MYC gene amplification frequently observed in malignant tumors e.g. breast and endometrial cancer.

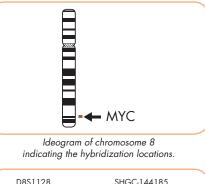
The proto-oncogene MYC (a.k.a. CMYC) is located in the chromosomal region 8q24.21 and encodes a nuclear transcription factor displaying high-affinity, site specific DNA-binding capacity when complexed with its cellular partners. Thus, the MYC protein is involved in proliferation, growth, differentiation, and apoptosis. Amplification of the chromosomal MYC gene region has been detected in many types of malignant neoplasms e.g. breast, lung, head, colon, kidney, neck, ovary, bladder, and endometrial cancers. It was shown that MYC amplification occurs in advanced, widespread tumors or in aggressive, primary tumors. In non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) and breast cancer, for example, MYC amplification was strongly associated with lymph node status. Accordingly, the MYC gene can be considered as a powerful prognostic marker.

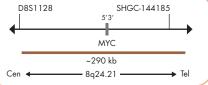
Additionally, malignant cutaneous angiosarcomas but not benign and atypical vascular lesions occurring after radiotherapy of breast cancer are characterized by amplification of the MYC gene. The presence of MYC amplification is thus of considerable diagnostic importance for the distinction of malignant from atypical postradiation vascular neoplasms of the skin.

References Alves Rde C, et al. (2014) J Cancer Res Clin Oncol 140: 2021-5. Buth AJ, et al. (2005) Endocr Relat Cancer 12: 47-59. Dalla-Favera R, et al. (1982) Proc Natl Acad Sci USA 79: 6497-501. Deming SL, et al. (2000) Br J Cancer 83: 1688-55. Denning 3C, et al. (2000) al 3 called 05 (100-75). Hara T, et al. (1998) Lab Invest 78: 1143-53. Kubokura H, et al. (2001) Ann Thorac Cardiovasc Surg 7: 197-203. Mentzel T, et al. (2012) Mod Pathol 25: 75-95. Rummukainen JK, et al. (2001) Lab Invest 81: 1445-51. Schraml P, et al. (1999) Clin Cancer Res 5: 1966-75. Yokota J, et al. (1986) Science 231: 261-5.

Probe Description

The ZytoDot ® SPEC MYC Probe is a Digoxigenin-labeled probe specific for the MYC gene region at 8q24.21, processed by the unique ZytoVision® Repeat Subtraction Technique resulting in advanced specificity and less background.

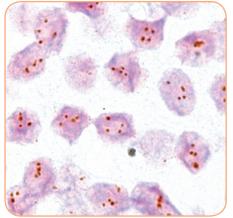




SPEC MYC Probe map (not to scale)

Results

In normal cells, two distinct dot-shaped signals per nucleus will be observed. Nuclei with amplification of the MYC gene locus or polysomy of chromosome 8 will show multiple dots or large signal clusters.



Tetrasomy of chromosome 8 as indicated by four MYC signals per nucleus.

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| tokota J, et al. (1980) | Science 231: 201-3. | | |
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| Prod. No. | Product | Label | Tests* (Volume) |
| C-3013-400 | Zyto <i>Dot</i> SPEC MYC Probe C€ IVD | Digoxigenin | 40 (400 µl) |
| Related Pro | ducts | | |
| C-3018-40 | Zyto <i>Dot</i> CISH Implementation Kit CE IVD | | 40 |
| | Incl. Heat Pretreatment Solution EDTA, 500 ml; Pepsin Solution, 4 ml; Wash Buffer SSC, 500 ml; PBS/Tween, good for 2000 ml; Blocking Solution, 4 ml; Mouse-an Anti-Mouse-HRP-Polymer, 4 ml; DAB Solution A, 0.3 ml; DAB Solution B, 10 ml; Mayer's Hematoxylin Solution, 20 ml; Mounting Solution (alcoholic), 4 ml | ti-DIG, 4 ml; | |
| * Using 10 µl probe solut | ion per test. CE IVD only available in certain countries. All other countries research use only! Please contact your local dealer for more i | information. | |
| 5 | Advanced specificity and less background of the single copy SPEC probes is obtained by the unique ZytoVision® <i>Repeat Subtraction Technique</i> . | ZytoVision GmbH · I 27572 Bremerhaven · G | |