ZytoDot [®]2^CProducts for CISH analysis



Background

The ZytoDot® 2C SPEC RET Break Apart Probe is designed to detect translocations involving the chromosomal region 10q11.21 harboring the RET (rearranged during transfection proto-oncogene) gene. RET encodes a tyrosine kinase (TK) receptor. Translocations involving RET were first described in papillary thyroid carcinoma (PTC) where somatic rearrangements result in the fusion of its TK catalytic domain with an N-terminal dimerization domain encoded by various fusion partner genes. More recently, recurrent inversions [inv (10)(p11.2q11.2)] fusing the coiled-coil domains of the kinesin family member 5B (KIF5B) gene to the RET kinase domain have been detected in lung adenocarcinoma. The resulting KIF5B-RET fusion protein can form homodimers through the coiled-coil domains of KIF5B, causing an aberrant activation of the TK of RET, a mechanism known from KIF5B-ALK fusions which is also found in lung adenocarcinoma.

Since in vitro studies showed transforming activity of KIF5B-RET which could be suppressed by a TK inhibitor, it was assumed that the chimeric oncogene might be a promising molecular target for the treatment of lung cancer.

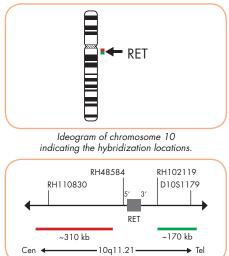
The same holds true for the BCR-RET and FGFR1OP-RET fusion genes in chronic myelomonocytic leukemia (CMML) generated by two balanced translocations t(10;22) (q11.2;q11.2) and t(6;10)(q27;q11.2),

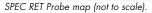
respectively.

References References Ballerini P, et al. (2012) Leukemia 26: 2384-9. Gautschi O, et al. (2013) J Thorac Oncol 8: e43-4. Ju YS, et al. (2012) Genome Res 22: 436-45. Kohno T, et al. (2012) Nat Med 18: 375-7. Nikiforov YE (2002) Endocr Pathol 13: 3-16. Takahashi M, et al. (1985) Cell 42: 581-8. Takeuchi K, et al. (2012) Nat Med 18: 378-81.

Probe Description

The ZytoDot® 2C SPEC RET Break Apart Probe is a mixture of a Digoxigeninlabeled and a Dinitrophenyl-labeled probe hybridizing to the 10q11.21 band. The DNP-labeled probe hybridizes proximal to the RET gene breakpoint region at 10q11.21, the DIG-labeled probe hybridizes distal to the RET gene breakpoint region.

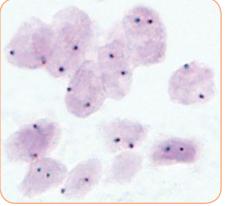




Results

In an interphase nucleus of a normal cell lacking a translocation involving the 10q11.21 band, using the ZytoDot® 2C CISH Implementation Kit, two red/green fusion signals are expected representing two normal (non-rearranged) 10q11.21 loci. A signal pattern consisting of one red/green fusion signal, one red signal, and a separate green signal indicates one normal 10q11.21 locus and one 10g11.21 locus affected by a translocation or inversion.

Molecular diagnostics simplified



SPEC RET Break Apart Probe hybridized to normal interphase cells as indicated by two red/green fusion signals per nucleus.

(Prod. No.	Product	Label	Tests* (Volume)
	C-3064-100	ZytoDot 2C SPEC RET Break Apart Probe CE IVD	Digoxigenin/DNP	10 (100 µl)
	C-3064-400	ZytoDot 2C SPEC RET Break Apart Probe CE IVD	Digoxigenin/DNP	40 (400 µl)
	Related Prod	ucts		
	C-3044-10	Zyto Dot 2C CISH Implementation Kit C E IVD Incl. Hear Pretreatment Solution EDTA, 150 ml; Pepsin Solution, 1ml; Wash Buffer SSC, 150 ml; 20x Wash Buffer TBS, 50 ml; Anti-DIG/DNP-Mix, 1 ml; HRP/AP-Polymer-Mix, 1 ml; AP-Red Solution A, 0.1 ml; AP-Red Solution B, 4 ml; HRP-Green Solution A, 0.2 ml; HRP-Green Solution B, 4 ml; Nuclear Blue Solution, 4 ml; Mounting Solution (alcoholic), 1 ml		10
	C-3044-40	ZytoDot 2C CISH Implementation Kit C C IVD Incl. Heat Pretreatment Solution EDTA, 500 ml; Pepsin Solution, 4ml; Wash Buffer SSC, 500 ml; 20x Wash Buffer TBS, 2x 50 ml; Anti-DIG/DNP-Mix, 4 ml; HRP/AP-Polymer-Mix, 4 ml; AP-Red Solution A, 0.4 ml; AP-Red Solution B, 15 ml; HRP-Green Solution A, 0.8 ml; HRP-Green Solution B, 15 ml; Nuclear Blue Solution, 20 ml; Mounting Solution (alcoholic), 4 ml		40
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Advanced specificity and less background of the single copy SPEC probes is obtained by the unique ZytoVision® *Repeat Subtraction Technique*.