

# HLA-DR (L243): sc-18875

## BACKGROUND

Major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class II molecules destined for presentation to CD4<sup>+</sup> helper T cells is determined by two key events. These events include the dissociation of class II-associated invariant chain peptides (CLIP) from an antigen binding groove in MHC II- $\alpha/\beta$  dimers through the activity of MHC molecules HLA-DM and -DO, and subsequent peptide antigen binding. Accumulating in endosomal/lysosomal compartments and on the surface of B cells, HLA-DM, -DO molecules regulate the dissociation of CLIP and the subsequent binding of exogenous peptides to HLA class II molecules (HLA-DR, -DQ and -DP) by sustaining a conformation that favors peptide exchange. RFLP analysis of HLA-DM genes from rheumatoid arthritis (RA) patients suggests that certain polymorphisms are genetic factors for RA susceptibility. HLA-B belongs to the HLA class I heavy chain paralogs. Class I molecules play a central role in the immune system by presenting peptides derived from the endoplasmic reticulum lumen. HLA-B and -C can form heterodimers consisting of a membrane anchored heavy chain and a light chain ( $\beta$ -2-Microglobulin). Polymorphisms yield hundreds of HLA-B and -C alleles.

## SOURCE

HLA-DR (L243) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against human B lymphocytes.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG<sub>2a</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

HLA-DR (L243) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-18875 AC), 500  $\mu$ g/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to either phycoerythrin (sc-18875 PE), fluorescein (sc-18875 FITC), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 (sc-18875 AF488), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 546 (sc-18875 AF546), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 594 (sc-18875 AF594) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 (sc-18875 AF647), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 680 (sc-18875 AF680) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 790 (sc-18875 AF790), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

In addition, HLA-DR (L243) is available conjugated to APC (sc-18875 APC), 100 tests in 2 ml, for IF, IHC(P) and FCM.

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## APPLICATIONS

HLA-DR (L243) is recommended for detection of a nonpolymorphic HLA-DR epitope 1-3 of human origin by immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and flow cytometry (1  $\mu$ g per 1 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells); not cross-reactive with HLA-DQ or HLA-DP molecules.

Molecular Weight of HLA-DR mature chain: 30 kDa.

Positive Controls: U-698-M whole cell lysate: sc-364799, BJAB whole cell lysate: sc-2207 or Daudi cell lysate: sc-2415.

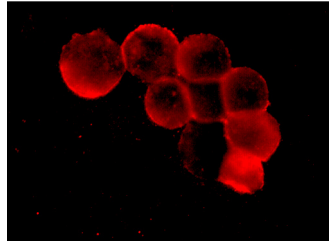
## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **\*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\***. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## DATA



HLA-DR (L243): sc-18875. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed NAMALWA cells showing membrane localization.

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

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- Hossain, F., et al. 2015. Inhibition of fatty acid oxidation modulates immunosuppressive functions of myeloid-derived suppressor cells and enhances cancer therapies. *Cancer Immunol. Res.* 3: 1236-1247.
- Georgouli, M., et al. 2016. Expression of MIF and CD74 in leukemic cell lines: correlation to DR expression destiny. *Biol. Chem.* 397: 519-528.
- Tomasello, L., et al. 2017. Mesenchymal stem cells derived from inflamed dental pulpal and gingival tissue: a potential application for bone formation. *Stem Cell Res. Ther.* 8: 179.
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- Grabowska, K., et al. 2020.  $\alpha$  herpesvirus  $\gamma$ B homologs are targeted to extracellular vesicles, but they differentially affect MHC class II molecules. *Viruses* 12 pii: E429.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.