

Zyto Light ® SPEC PDGFB Dual Color Break Apart Probe



Background

The ZytoLight® SPEC PDGFB Dual Color Break Apart Probe is designed for the detection of specific translocations involving the chromosomal region 22q13.1 harboring the PDGFB (a.k.a. SIS) gene.

The PDGFB gene (platelet-derived growth factor beta polypeptide) belongs to the platelet-derived growth factor family and encodes a protein which acts as a receptor tyrosine kinase.

The most frequent translocation involving the PDGFB gene is t(17;22)(q21.3;q13.1) juxtaposing the PDGFB gene next to the COL1A1 gene in 17q22. Reciprocal translocations involving t(17;22)(q21.3;q13.1) are characteristic for dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans (DFSP) patients. DFSP is a highly recurrent, infiltrative skin tumor of intermediate malignancy.

The rearrangements are cytogenetically characterized by the presence of supernumerary ring chromosomes containing low-level amplified sequences from chromosomes 17q22-qter and 22q10-q13.1, or unbalanced derivatives of the t(17;22) (q21.3;q13.1) translocation.

The rearrangement results in a COL1A1-PDGFB fusion protein which is posttranscriptionally processed to a functional platelet-derived growth factor beta chain (PDGFB) protein.

The importance of accurately diagnosing DFSP lies in its intermediate malignant nature and the availability of a therapy with significant anti-neoplastic activity but relatively minor adverse effects for cases not amenable to surgical excision.

References

Broom RJ, et al. (2012) Clin Genitourin Cancer 10: 202-6.

Labropoulos SV & Razis ED (2007) Biologics 4: 347-53.

Patel KU, et al. (2008) Human Pathol 39: 184-93.

Shimizu A, et al. (1999) Cancer Res 59: 3719-23.

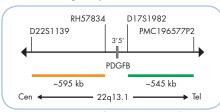
Simon MP, et al. (1997) Nat Genet 15: 95-8. Sirvent N, et al. (2003) Genes Chromosomes Cancer 37: 1-19.

Probe Description

The SPEC PDGFB Dual Color Break Apart Probe is a mixture of two direct labeled probes hybridizing to the 22q13.1 band. The orange fluorochrome direct labeled probe hybridizes proximal to the breakpoint region of the PDGFB gene, and the green fluorochrome direct labeled probe hybridizes distal to the breakpoint region of the PDGFB gene.



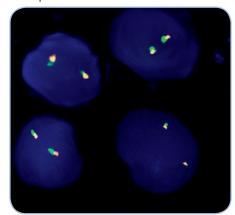
Ideogram of chromosome 22 indicating the hybridization locations.



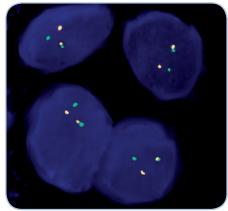
SPEC PDGFB Probe map (not to scale).

Results

In an interphase nucleus lacking a translocation involving the 22q13.1 band two orange/green fusion signals are expected representing two normal (non-rearranged) 22q13.1 loci. A signal pattern consisting of one orange/green fusion signal, one orange signal, and a separate green signal indicates one normal 22q13.1 locus and one 22q13.1 locus affected by a 22q13.1 translocation.



SPEC PDGFB Dual Color Break Apart Probe hybridized to normal interphase cells as indicated by two orange/green fusion signals per nucleus.



Dermatofibrosarcoma protuberans tissue section with translocation affecting the 22q13.1 locus as indicated by one non-rearranged orange/green fusion signal, one orange signal, and one separate green signal indicating the translocation.

Prod. No.	Product	Label	Tests* (Volume)
Z-2119-200	Zyto Light SPEC PDGFB Dual Color Break Apart Probe C	 /	20 (200 µl)
Related Products			
Z-2028-20	Zyto Light FISH-Tissue Implementation Kit CE IVD		20
	Incl. Heat Pretreatment Solution Citric, 500 ml; Pepsin Solution, 4 ml; Wash Buffer SSC, 500 ml; 25x Wash Buffer A, 100 ml; DAPI/DuraTect-Solution, 0.8 ml		

^{*} Using 10 µl probe solution per test. CE IVD only available in certain countries. All other countries research use only! Please contact your local dealer for more info<u>rmatio</u>.